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The Daily Colonist.

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Telephone 83
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VOL. LXXXI.—NO. 34 VICTORIA B. C. FRIDAY JANUARY 20 1899. FORTY-SECOND YEAR

CUTLERY.....
When you buy cutlery be sure you get the best. We carry the celebrated "Roger Bros." 1847 A1 goods, which are considered the best made. These goods are guaranteed by the Meriden-Britannia Company, the largest plate factory in the world. We have sold them for fifteen years, and can recommend them. Our prices are the lowest.
..Challoner & Mitchell..
JEWELLERS. PHONE 675. 47 GOVERNMENT ST.

HUDSON'S BAY CO'Y
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS
OILMENS STORES
BLANKETS
GRANITE AND TINWARE
WHOLESALE DEALERS
RIFLES AND AMMUNITION
WINES AND LIQUORS
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC CIGARS
Miners Outfitted : Wharf St.

OH! MY DEAR MAN
Did you have to resign? I told you to buy groceries for cash, and I know where to get bargains.
The buttermilk in winter use Ontario maple syrup and hot buckwheat cakes. Just received, direct from India:
MAJOR GREY CHUTNEY
COL. SKINNER CHUTNEY
INDIAN MIXED FRUIT DO.
BENGAL HOT CHUTNEY
CASHMERE CHUTNEY
BENGAL CLUB CHUTNEY
SWEET MANGO CHUTNEY
GREEN MANGO CHUTNEY
STERILIZED CORN MEAL, 10 lbs., 25c.
MANITOBA ROLLED OATS, 7 lbs., 25c.
75c. QUARTS
Dixie H. Ross & Co.

KLONDIKE....
WILSON BROTHERS
WHOLESALE GROCERS
Have the largest and best selected stock in the city of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, TOOLS, COOKING UTENSILS, TEXTILES, etc. We have had large experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so that they may arrive at their destination in good order.
76, 79 and 80, Wharf Street, Victoria B.C.

To The Atlin Lake Gold Fields
We are again in the field as Outfitters for the Klondike and Atlin Lake Gold Fields.
30 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
RELIABLE GOODS
UNEXCELLED SERVICE
REASONABLE PRICES
E. J. SAUNDERS & COMPANY
70 FREDERICK ST., OFF COOK ST.
I am instructed by Mrs. Penderay, who is leaving for England, to sell by

ASSAY OFFICE.
BROUGHTON STREET.
W. J. B. O'NEILL, B.A., F.G.S.,
assayer to the local banks. Assays on all kinds of ores.
Gold dust melted, assayed and purchased for cash at its full value.
RAZOR STROPS...
See our new stock just arrived. Use the
Premier Razor...
Fully warranted at
FOX'S, 78 Govm't St.

HO! FOR THE GOLD FIELDS.
V. Y. T. CO.
Owners of Lake Bennett Sawmills.
Manufacturers of lumber of all descriptions, Traders and Freighters
Builders of Boats and Barges.
THROUGH RATES given from any city on the Coast to all points on the upper Yukon river. Goods shipped now can be stored in the company's warehouse at Bennett until opening of navigation. For further particulars call or address
The Victoria-Yukon Trading Co., Ltd., Victoria, B.C.

...CLUB...
Chewing Tobacco
7s, 3s and 12s
For Prices Apply to
SIMON LEISER & CO.
Wholesale Grocers
SOLE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA

National Rolled Oats
Choicest in the World. No black specks, no hulls, always fresh—
THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., Limited

THE KING OF ALL COFFEES—
ASK FOR
Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand
Coffee, in 1 or 2-lb. Tins. All Grocers Keep It.

R. P. RITHET & COMPANY
LIMITED.
Seagram's Whiskey.
"Thistle Blend" Scotch.
Thorne's "H.M." Scotch.
Bennet Three Brandy
COLUMBIA FLOURING MILLS CO.,
HUNGARIAN, STRONG BAKERS

CITY AUCTION MART
133 Government St., cor. Pandora St.
W. JONES
CITY AUCTIONEER.
Pays the highest cash prices for Furniture or Job Stock at any time.
Conducts auction sales at any time, either outside or at his spacious rooms; always keeps faith with the public, and is here to stay.
Open Day and Night. Telephone 426.
---J. E. PAINTER---
Wood cut to any required length by electrical machinery.
Wood and Coal at Current Prices
Truck and dray work done. Office, 25 Cormorant street; residence, 17 Pine street, Victoria West, Victoria.

...AUCTION...
I am instructed to sell under chattel mortgage at Salesrooms, 77, 79 and 81 Douglas street.
Tuesday, Jan. 24, at 2 p.m.
A large assortment of
Furniture and Effects
Including Antique Bedsets, Woven Wire, Hair and Wool Top Mattresses, Bedsteads and Box Mattresses, Single Iron and Brass Bedstead, Oak Dining Table, Centre and Occasional Tables, Chairs, Single Lounge, Chiffonier, Sewing Machine, Carpets, Crockery, Glassware, Cooking Utensils, Cook Stove, etc.
FIVE CASES OF ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA.
DRILLING MACHINE and TIRE BENDER (suitable for blacksmith or carriage builder).
WM. T. HARDAKER Auctioneer.

NEW LAWS FOR SOUDAN

Slave Traffic at an End and Fire Arms and Liquors Under Regulation.

The "Open Door" Policy for Trade but Duties Except on Goods From Egypt.

Supreme Ruler Appointed by Khedival Decree With Consent of Great Britain.

By Associated Press.
Cairo, Jan. 19.—The official gazette today publishes a convention between Great Britain and Egypt relating to the further government of the re-conquered Soudan provinces. After reciting that the provinces were re-conquered by the joint military and financial efforts of the British and Egyptian governments and setting forth the desire to give effect to the claims that have accrued to her Britannic Majesty's government by right of conquest, the claim to share in the present settlement and future working and development of the administration of the territories, and pointing out that the territories of Wady Halfa and Suakin may be most effectively administered in conjunction with the re-conquered provinces, the convention proceeds as follows:
"It is hereby agreed and declared between the undersigned, duly authorized, that the word Soudan in this agreement means all the territories south of the 22nd parallel of latitude which have never been evacuated by the Egyptians since 1882 or which having been administered by the Khedive's government prior to the late rebellion were temporarily lost to Egypt and have been re-conquered by the British and Egyptian governments acting in concert, or which may hereafter be re-conquered by the two governments acting in concert.
"The British and Egyptian flags shall be hoisted together on both land and water throughout the Soudan, except in Suakin, where the Egyptian flag shall be used.
"The supreme military and civil command in the Soudan shall be vested in one officer termed the governor-general, appointed by Khedival decree with the consent of Great Britain, and to be removed by Khedival decree by consent of Great Britain.
"The next clause gives the governor-general absolute power to make, alter or abrogate by proclamation, laws, orders or regulations for the good government of the Soudan, and for the regulation, holding, disposal and demolition of property of every kind situated in the Soudan, but all such proclamations must forthwith be notified to the agent of Her Britannic Majesty at Cairo and the President of the Khedival council.
"No Egyptian law, decree, or enactment hereafter made or promulgated, is to apply to any part of the Soudan, save by the proclamation of the governor-general.
"Regarding conditions under which Europeans shall be permitted to trade, reside or hold property in the Soudan, the convention says:
"No special privileges shall be accorded the subjects of any one or more powers. Import duties shall not be levied on goods from Egyptian territory, but they shall be leviable on goods from elsewhere. In the case of goods entering the Soudan at Suakin or any other Red Sea port the duties must not exceed the amount leviable upon foreign goods entering Egypt. Duties may be levied on goods leaving the Soudan, the rates to be prescribed by proclamation.
"The convention provides that the jurisdiction of the mixed tribunals shall apply to no part of the Soudan except Suakin and the whole of the Soudan, except Suakin shall remain under martial law until the governor-general proclaims otherwise. No consular agents shall be accredited to or allowed to reside in the Soudan without the previous consent of Great Britain.
"The importation or exportation of slaves is absolutely prohibited and special attention is to be paid to the enforcement of the Brussels act of July 2, 1890, in respect to the import, sale and manufacture of fire arms, ammunition and distilled or spirituous liquors.
"The convention, which is dated at Cairo, January 18, 1899, is signed by the Khedival minister of foreign affairs, Boutreis Pasha Chali and by Lord Cromer, British agent and consul general in Egypt.

Money Forthcoming for the Colossal Scheme He Is Now Promoting.
London, Jan. 19.—Cecil Rhodes' great scheme for a railway through Africa from Capetown to Cairo, is meeting with financial encouragement. The line from Bulawayo, the terminus of the present Cape system, to Khartoum, will be more than 3,000 miles long and is estimated to cost \$47,000,000. Mr. Rhodes has been assured of \$50,000,000 for the section from Bulawayo to Lake Tanganyika, and the remainder can be secured when the surveys from Tanganyika to Khartoum are made. It is said Germany will give consent for right of way through the strip to German territory north of the lake.
At Khartoum connection is to be made with the Egyptian line which the Soudan has already built up the Nile as far as Atbara.
Another transcontinental railway scheme has been revived in India to give a route across Asia from north to south. This would make Bombay and Calcutta the outlets for Russian commerce in Asia and enable travellers from London to reach India in ten days.

Three Cent Stamp Redemable Is Present Decision of Post Office Department.

Mail Carriers Drifting to Sea on St. Lawrence Ice—Customs Changes Abroad.

From Our Own Correspondent.
Ottawa, Jan. 19.—The department of trade and commerce has been notified by the international customs tariffs bureau of recent tariff changes in the following countries: France, Portugal, Spain, Tunis, Cape Colony, Orange Free State, Natal, Mexico, Congo Free State, Argentina, Loanda and Austria-Hungary. France and Austria have issued decrees prohibiting the importation into those countries or transit through them of trees and shrubs from the United States in order to guard against the San Jose scale.

The post office department has after all decided to redeem outstanding three cent stamps. At first it was announced that this would not be done, but a storm of protests from all parts of Canada has compelled Mr. Mulock to give way.

The marine department received this morning a telegram which says that the mail carrier of Bonaventure island and crew of his assistants in crossing from the island were carried to sea by ice. Mr. Lemieux, M.P., asks that a boat be sent to their assistance.

COSTLY JEW-BAITING.
Newspaper Condemned to Pay Damages to Officers Held up to Scorn.

Paris, Jan. 19.—The Anti-Jew, a newspaper here, has been sentenced to pay 500 francs to each of the Jewish officers in the army, whose names it published recently with malicious intent. The list of officers is a long one.

EAGAN'S OFFENCE.
Set Down as Conduct Unbecoming an Officer and a Gentleman.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The charges and specifications in the court martial of Commissary General Eagan have been drafted and are now in the hands of the President. The charges are conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman and conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline. The specifications quote largely from General Eagan's statement attacking General Miles before the war investigation committee.

BALLOTS STOLEN.
Suspicious Circumstance in Ontario County Council Election Proceedings.

Tottenham, Jan. 19.—(Special)—A recount took place during the last two days before Judge Ardagh at Barrie in the county council election for one of the divisions of the county of Simcoe. There were three candidates for two offices, Roman, Fraser and Hamel. Roman received 1,096 votes, Fraser 848 and Hamel 841. The last named asked for a recount as between himself and Fraser.

When the recount was about to commence the people present were surprised to find that the Tottenham ballots were not on hand. The office where the ballots were kept was carefully searched, but the package was not there. Great excitement exists in the division and much comment is made. Just how these circumstances will affect the election is not yet known, as Fraser had a majority of some 174 in that polling booth.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

MINING SHARES WANTED
DARDANELLES AND ALL MINING SHARES
WE HAVE ORDERS.
All holders of Dardanelles and Crow's Nest who desire to sell their shares, please list them with us, as we have buyers.
SPECIALS TO-DAY
Subject to Previous Sale
3,000 Van Anda 03 1/2
5,000 Gopher 03
400 Athabasca 42
5,000 Dardanelles 16
We guarantee delivery of the above shares to the first purchaser in parcels as follows:
Van Anda certificates 1,000 each
Gopher certificates 500 "
Athabasca certificates 100 "
A. W. MORE & CO.,
Stock Brokers, 80 Government Street.

GERMANY'S MISTAKE

Exceeded Her Rights in Samoa and Now Must Make Humiliating Backdown.

Consul Forcibly Ejected and His Judicial Appointee Only Laughed At.

British and American Warships Hurrying to the Scene of Trouble.

By Associated Press.
Berlin, Jan. 19.—The news from Samoa has been received with forebodings. The Lokal Anzeiger says: "All this, doubtless, signifies an appreciable quarrel, and with the unceremoniousness which the Americans have affected lately toward us, it may easily take a serious turn. The Samoan condominium has always involved a lurking danger."

The Vossische Zeitung says: "The situation will become even graver when the American warship arrives at Apia. It is said that the Washington department of state has instructed the U. S. Consul General there not to trust the German Consul. Evidently the United States, who are least interested in Samoa among the three powers, do not mean to respect Germany's paramount interests. Germany will have to show firmness, all the more so as our position is made the worse by the evident desire of England to help the United States so as to retain the latter's friendship."

Washington, Jan. 19.—It was stated at the department of state to-day that despatches had been received from U. S. consul Osborne, at Apia, but as to their nature the officials had nothing to say beyond that they went to confirm the news despatches printed this morning. Admiral Vantz, the commander of the Pacific station, is now on board his flagship, the Philadelphia, and it was stated at the Navy Department that he would accompany that ship to Samoa.

The immediate effect of the publication in the morning papers of the news from Samoa was to being the state department, Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador and Baron von Stenberg, the secretary of the German embassy. Under the strict rules laid down for the government of diplomatic intercourse neither Secretary Hay nor the two diplomatic representatives would say anything whatever as to the nature of the conversation that took place between them.

The deepest concern is felt by all three parties to the agreement over the outlook. The common belief is that the German representatives in Samoa are acting in the arbitrary manner they did, completely exceeded their instruction from their own government. It is quite certain that they exceeded the authority with which they are clothed by the treaty of Berlin, and it is expected the German government will be protesting against their actions as soon as it shall have become officially advised as to what has actually happened. The authorities feel that the greatest element of danger lies in the possibility of trouble before Rafael and Rose can be restrained by government advisers.

The navy department has issued orders for the cruiser Philadelphia to proceed to Samoa at once to represent United States interests there. The Philadelphia is due at San Diego next Sunday from Acaapulco. Meanwhile if any vessel more quickly available can be found one of Dewey's fleet for instance, she will be ordered to Samoa in answer to an urgent appeal from the United States consul there.

It has been realized for a long time past that there was a necessity for a modification in the terms of the tripartite treaty, by which the United States assumed joint guardianship with England and Germany, but up to this point it has not been possible to get all three powers to agree upon any one project. Negotiations have been on foot for some time in relation to the succession to the Samoan throne, which apparently led to the ill-feeling displayed by German officials.

It is believed that the responsibility for their arbitrary action must rest with Rafael, the German president of the municipal council of Apia. This troublesome attitude of late led to a remonstrance on the part of the other powers. There has been an understanding that he was to be removed to another scene of activity and the supposition is that, getting wind of this intention, he has precipitated a crisis before his removal could be accomplished.

Wellington, N. Z., Jan. 19.—It is reported here that owing to the trouble at Samoa, growing out of the election of a successor to the late King Mafetao, three British warships will proceed there and one American warship will start for the islands from Honolulu.

Further particulars regarding the disturbances at Samoa show that Matafafa's followers numbered about 5,000 men, and that the adherents of Mafetao were only about 1,000 in number. There was two hours' firing between the rival forces, during which several of the warships were damaged.

(Continued on page 2.)

Athlete and Sweet Caporal

CIGARETTES

10c. per Packet

H. L. SALMON'S LEADING TOBACCONIST
SALMON BLOCK
VICTORIA, B.C.

THE IDAHO SNOWSLIDE, 1887.

THE LOCAL NEWS.

(For the Colonist.)
They know not, living on the plain,
The snow-clad mountain side;
They have not heard the dull refrain,
Which snow commences to slide;
They have not seen the mountain peak,
Clad in its mantle white,
Disrobe, in tones of doom, to speak
To all that haunt its night.

Far up the Idaho ravine
With drifts of snow;
The death-like silence of the scene
Presaged a tale of woe;
Yet daring on the trail there stood
Four miners breaking way
For ore, the pay of hardihood,
In snow-clad Kootenai.

A gust of wind o'er mountain crest,
A murmur through the trees,
A tidal wave of snow compressed,
A rushing, shrieking breeze—
And one man stood where four had
breathed;
The others lifeless lay
With icy shrouds around them wreathed,
A thousand feet away.

For man has but one life to live,
When death is on his door,
What matters if farewell he give,
In the light of moon or sun?
But one existence he loses,
And when death cuts the span,
'Tis not ordained for man to choose
The gift from chance or man.

—B. J. P.

REAR-ADMIRAL BEAUMONT.

Career of the Recently Appointed Com-
mander of the Pacific Station.

H. M. S. Imperieuse, flagship of Rear-
Admiral Palliser, Commander of the
Pacific fleet, leaves towards the end of
the month for the south and it is pos-
sible that she will not return to Esqui-
malt, her commission expiring in March.
As previously stated Rear-Admiral Pal-
liser is to be succeeded by Rear-Admiral
Lewis Anthony Beaumont, director of
naval intelligence. The new admiral's
flagship is to be the Warspite, which ves-
sel he previously on this station for
four years.

Rear-Admiral Beaumont has a distin-
guished service record. As lieutenant
he served in the Arctic expedition of
1875-6, for which he received the Arctic
medal and was elected as Fellow of
the Royal Geographical Society. He
was promoted captain on June 30, 1882,
and a month later he was appointed
naval attaché for Europe. In Decem-
ber of the same year he was appointed
secretary to Lord Northbrook, first lord
of the admiralty, and served in that
capacity for three years, proceeding with
Lord Northbrook on his mission to
Egypt in 1885. On August 1, 1891, he
was promoted Commander of the second
class and from that time until June 1,
1893, commanded the naval squadron.
He was appointed to his present posi-
tion, director of naval intelligence in
August, 1894; an A. D. C. to the Queen
on January 1, 1895, and was promoted
rear-admiral on August 23, 1897.

STOCKS, METALS AND PRODUCE.

Strong Share Market in New York—
Lower Discount Rate Makes
London Active.

New York, Jan. 19.—The Commercial
Advertiser's financial cable from London
says: "The markets here were more active
and strong to-day on the reduction by the
bank of its discount rate 1/2 per cent. to
3 1/2 per cent., though a rate of 3 per cent.
was generally expected. In some quarters
it is thought the bank fears gold with-
drawals, as \$108,000 was taken for the
United States to-day, against £17,000
bought. Americans were irregular on big
profit taking. On every rise there was good
support; also on every reaction. New York
came strong, and the close was buoyant
at the top. The favorites were Northern
Pacific, Union Pacific, and the Boston
children are said to be buying the latter.
There is flat denial of the report that the
Central Pacific scheme is ready and it is
now stated that it is not even settled how
far the government will give way on the
debt question. Money was slightly harder
on the small reduction of the bank rate."

New York, Jan. 19.—The stock market
was strong and active all day, except for
a realizing movement around delivery hour,
when prices receded about one point in many
stocks, but towards the close picked up
sharply and the closing was strong with
material net gains in all the leading shares.
The volume of business was about a mil-
lion and a half, and London, after being a
seller for a long time to-day, reversed her
position and purchased about 35,000
shares.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.	
Jan. 18, Jan. 19.	
Amn. Cotton Oil.....	35 3/4 36 1/4
Amn. Tobacco.....	148 1/2 149 1/2
Amn. Sugar.....	12 1/2 12 3/4
Amn. Spirits.....	13 1/2 13 3/4
Amn. Whisky.....	21 1/2 21 3/4
Baltimore & Ohio.....	68 1/2 69 1/2
Bay State Gas.....	85 1/2 86 1/2
Can. Pacific.....	55 1/2 56 1/2
Can. Southern.....	20 1/2 21 1/2
Ches. & Ohio.....	20 1/2 21 1/2
Ches. & Ohio.....	20 1/2 21 1/2
Chicago Gas.....	11 1/2 11 3/4
Chicago & N. W.....	14 1/2 14 3/4
Chicago, R. I. & P.....	11 1/2 11 3/4
Chgo. R. I. & P.....	11 1/2 11 3/4
Com. Gas, N. Y.....	19 1/2 19 3/4
C. C. & S. L. St. L.....	47 1/2 48 1/2
Del. & Hudson.....	11 1/2 11 3/4
Denver & Rio G. p.d.....	60 1/2 61 1/2
G. N. Electric.....	98 1/2 99 1/2
Hocking Valley.....	25 1/2 26 1/2
Ind. Cent. & West.....	10 1/2 10 3/4
Laclede Gas.....	52 1/2 53 1/2
L. B. & W. p.d.....	60 1/2 61 1/2
Louisville & Nashville.....	60 1/2 61 1/2
Mem. Elec.....	108 1/2 109 1/2
Mo. Pac.....	44 1/2 45 1/2
Nat. Lead.....	38 1/2 39 1/2
Nor. Ann. Co.....	7 1/2 7 3/4
Nor. Pac. Co. new.....	47 1/2 48 1/2
Nor. Pac. p.d.....	79 1/2 80 1/2
N. Y. C. & H.....	125 1/2 126 1/2
N. Y. L. B. & W.....	15 1/2 15 3/4
N. Y. C. & H.....	105 1/2 106 1/2
Omaha com.....	97 1/2 98 1/2
Pac. Mail.....	45 1/2 46 1/2
Phil. & Reading.....	15 1/2 15 3/4
Pullman.....	150 1/2 151 1/2
Tacoma & Pacific.....	17 1/2 17 3/4
U. S. Leather.....	7 1/2 7 3/4
U. S. Rubber.....	40 1/2 41 1/2
Western Pacific.....	46 1/2 47 1/2
Western Union.....	94 1/2 95 1/2
W. & L. E.....	61 1/2 62 1/2
C.P.R. in London.....	88 1/2 89 1/2
Com. Cable in Montreal.....	185 1/2 186 1/2

New York, Jan. 19.—Money on call, steady
at 2 to 3 per cent.; last loan, 3 per cent.
Prime mercantile paper, 3 to 4 per cent.
Sterling exchange, firm at \$4.84 to \$4.85
for demand, and at \$4.82 to \$4.83 for sixty
days. Commercial bills, \$4.82 and \$4.82 1/2.

New York, Jan. 19.—Bar silver, 50 1/2 cts.;
Mexican dollars, 47 1/2 cts.; silver certificates,
50 1/2 cts. to 60 cts.
Copper, strong; brokers, \$15; exchange,
\$12 1/2 to \$13 1/2.
Lead, steady; brokers, \$4; exchange, \$4.22 1/2
to \$4.27 1/2.
Tin, strong; straits, \$22.30 to \$22.62 1/2;
plum, firm.
Spelter, steady; domestic, \$5.30 to \$5.40.
Tosin, quiet. Turpentine, dull and easy.
Pig iron, firm. Southern, \$10.25 to \$11.75;
Northern, \$10.25 to \$12.25.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Wheat closed: May,
70 1/2 cts. to 70 3/4 cts.; July, 68 1/2 cts.
Corn, Jan. 19, 34 1/2 cts.; May, 30 1/2 cts. to
31 1/2 cts.; July, 27 1/2 cts.
Oats—May, 27 1/2 cts.; July, 26 1/2 cts.

London, Jan. 19.—Gold quoted as follows:
Buenos Ayres, 105.50; Lisbon, 43; Rome,
108.

100 Boys' Overalls reduced to
\$1.65. B. Williams & Co.

Holding Its Value.—Hon. Fred Peters
yesterday purchased from Mr. J. Ger-
hardt Tharks two acres of land at Oak
Bay, the consideration being in the
neighborhood of \$3,000.

Cannot Yet Arrange.—At the meeting
called in the Congregational church last
evening to arrange for the reception of
the new master, Rev. P. Payne, who is
coming from England, it was decided to
postpone all business in connection therewith
pending the receipt of a telegram
announcing the date of his arrival here.

At the General school grounds on Wed-
nesday the South Park team defeated a
mixed team of Central and High school
boys in a game of Association football.
The score was two to one. The goals
were kicked by Sam Lortimer and Jas.
Hogg for South Park, and by Editz
Kroeger for the Centrals. Mr. James
Lortimer acted as referee.

Well Provided For.—An inquest will
be held this morning to enquire into the
cause of death of Mrs. Ingle, who was
found dead in her residence on Port
street on Wednesday. The police yester-
day made a search of the house and in
a drawer found \$385 in American 50-
cent pieces and \$16 in American, British
and Australian gold pieces. The house
was well stocked with provisions.

Death of Mrs. Belasco.—Mrs. Reyna
Belasco, the mother of David Belasco,
America's most successful playwright,
and of Fred Belasco, lessee of the Al-
cázar theatre, San Francisco, died in the
Bay City last Monday and was buried at
the House of Peace cemetery, all the
theatrical folk of San Francisco at-
tending the funeral, and Rev. Hubert N.
eto officiating. Forty years ago the late
actor, known as "Kapt. Storr," in a tent on
Johnson street in this city, where Thomas
Shottel now has his place of busi-
ness. Later on she moved up to Yates
street and occupied the building adjoin-
ing the North Pacific saloon. She was a
sister of the Martin brothers, who were
in the wholesale grocery business on
Wharf street in the very early days and
who left here for San Francisco at about
the same time that she did—in 1863.
David Belasco, the elder son, is known
now as the "Dumas of America," and
is certainly the most successful financial-
ly as well as artistically of the native
playwrights.

Will Play a Return.—So successful has
been the Victoria engagement of the
Jules Graun opera company that its man-
agement are now endeavoring to secure
cancellation of their Whitcomb and Ever-
ett engagements in order to return to
Victoria for Monday, Tuesday and Wed-
nesday, the 30th, 31st and 1st—with en-
tirely new operas. Last night the com-
pany played yet once again to standing
room only—every seat having been sold
long before the curtain went up, and
the audience being one of the most bril-
liant of the season, a bewilderment of
handsome costumes making the auditori-
um as bright as a flower garden. The
opera was Chassaigne's "Falka," which
could not better suit the company had it
been expressly written for its leader,
Adèle Farrington, of course, played the
"Falka," doing the part to full justice;
while May Carrington was the Alexin-
de Kerkisch, singing like a lark and
looking her best; and Fanny Myers was
every inch a Gypsy and worthy sister of
the sanguinary captain. Stanley Felch
fairly revelled in the comedy possibilities
that the Brother Policen presented to
him, and was the lion of the night. Geo.
Broderick did excellent dialect as well as
musical work in the part of the Govern-
ment and Dan Young, Sylvian Langlois
and Harry Davies were abundantly
equal to all the demands of Sancerre,
Boleslas and the Student. To-night the
bill is the dear old "Bohemian Girl," and
on Saturday, "Mikado" and "The Bri-
gands."

PERSONAL.

Matt Grau, manager of the Grau Opera
Company, is dangerously ill at Vancou-
ver. He is expected to die. The British
Columbia, is again in the city.
Henry Saunders and D. Ker returned yester-
day from the South.
Alex. McDermott, the stevedore, has re-
turned from a visit to the East.
Major Bliss, of Fort Selkirk, and Dr. A. E.
Cledennan, of Dawson, are guests at the
Hotel.
Captain G. H. Wastie, of San Jose, is a
guest at the Dominion.
H. H. Strohbecker, of California, is at the
Dominion. He is here buying a supply
of goods to take to the Atlin district.
Bishop Perrin left for San Francisco to-
day evening to assist at the consecration
of the Episcopal bishop on the Pacific
Coast.
George D. Brymner, of New Westminster,
is at the Dominion.
J. B. Macgowan, of Vancouver, registered
at the Driford last evening.
G. H. Hayes and Judge G. D. Kinney, of
Albany, came over from Vancouver last
evening.

A monument to the memory of the Em-
press Elizabeth of Austria is about to be
erected at the Dominion, where she spent so
much of her time during the last few years
of her life. The monument, which is to
take the shape of a column twenty-one feet
high, will rise on the promontory of
Cap Martin, where the Empress lived.
With the Empress Eugene, the Empress
Elizabeth shares the distinction of being
the original founders of the Cap
Martin colony.

HOW CATARRH IS CURED.

Japanese Catarrh Cure is a pomade
which is inserted up the nostrils by a
small camel's hair pencil. The heat of
the body melts this pomade and the patient
breathes the soothing medication
through the nostrils and the nasal chan-
nels open up. The stuffed up feeling in
the head leaves, and the person can
breathe naturally through the nose. The
dull pains across the head cease. Con-
dall pain arises for a short time soothes the
mucus membrane until the soreness and
inflammation are all gone. The bad odor
of the breath passes away, and the lost
sense of smell and hearing returns. The
drooping in the throat is permanently
checked, and the nose does not stop to
towards night. The discharge from the
nose grows less and less and finally stops
altogether. It does not drive the disease
into the throat or lungs or into the ears,
as so often is done by washes, douches,
and the temporary relief catarrh powders
and snuffs which contain cocaine and
other fatal alkaloids, which relieve at
the time, but give rise to a false secur-
ity. Japanese Catarrh Cure is a thorough
antiseptic, cleansing and healing in
its action, and soothes the minute ap-
plied. Six boxes are absolutely guaran-
teed to cure any case of nasal catarrh
or money will be refunded. Sold by all
druggists, 50 cents. Six for \$2.50, or by
mail. Address the Griffiths & Mac-
pherson Co., 121 Church St., Toronto.

Kaisow Congou

IS A SAFE DRINK FOR CHIL-

DREN—the choicest tea imported
into Canada—pure and unadulterated,
it makes a wholesome, strengthening
drink.

Sole Importers
SING LEE & CO. AGENTS

THE OLD HORSES OF THE WIL-
DERNESS.

From Forest and Stream.
This old horse Doctor, is a famous beast
among the seven years old. A big bay
at one time, but now grizzled with age.
He has carried many burdens and been
faithful through all. His end is near, pos-
sibly at this writing he has passed over
the great divide. If there be a heaven
for horses, may he reach it and there,
with Bucephalus, Pegasus and Balaam's
donkey, with the other steeds of antiquity,
together with Dexter, Flora Temple and
others of modern times, he may enjoy in
green pastures and feed upon celestial
crops. May the only chink known to him
be that of ready access to the heavenly
grain crib. Two miles from camp he erred
sadly and caused me much discomfiture.
I forgive him. It was a dimness of sight
and the stiffness of old age. We were
crossing a swamp where the mud is bottom-
less. The path was rudely contrived.
The Doctor let one of his stern axles
down between the timbers and the old
craft began to settle. With a tremendous
effort to retrieve, and by a reflex motion,
he was hurled high into the air, I clutched
at the tree tops, looking longingly at the
clouds, and came down with the proverbial
dull thud. The pack-basket came down
next, then the rider, then a study in black
and white and spatter work that would
put in the shade the best efforts of Fred-
rick Remington. I alternately spat mud
and four until I wondered whether I was
a dump cart or a grist mill. The Doctor
was struggling to get up and slinging mud
like a yellow Johnson editor. I asked Archy
why he had saved the lumber, he ducked and
he said, "I have not saved it." It angered
me to think that anyone could joke at
such a time. I twisted the coffee pot at
him with a left hand, he ducked and he
took first on passed by. I passed the spot
this year (on the other side). A badly
battered coffee pot hung on a limb of a
scraggy tree—hung there not as a trophy
of war, but as a tangible evidence of an
unrecoverable temper.

700 Pairs Pants being slaughtered
in price. B. Williams & Co.

RECREATIONS OF THE NOTED.

William Gillette does not like any recre-
ations whatsoever. The younger Conquill
goes in for bicycling and painting.
Ocell Rhodes rides two hours every
morning before breakfast. He reads the
classics chiefly, and "Vanity Fair" is his
favorite novel. He collects old furniture,
china and curios.
When Sarah Bernhardt is in town she
devotes herself to sculpture, painting and
cycling, and when in the country fishing,
boating and lawn tennis claim her atten-
tion. Books are a pleasure to her where-
ever she is.
Mrs. Brown-Potter's amusements are
growing flowers and all kinds of outdoor
sports. The Prince of Monaco is said to
port on ocean lore, while Octave Thanelet
is versatile—he goes in for rowing, wheel-
ing, driving, carpenter work, photography
and whilst.

Guessing and
Knowing

A Matter of Utmost Importance When
Human Life is Concerned—The Dif-
ference Between Patent Medicines
and Dr. A. W. Chase's Remedies.

To guess your new collar is made of
pure linen may do well enough, but when
human life is involved "knowing" is bet-
ter than "guessing." Speaking of pa-
tent medicines, you can only "guess"
that they will cure. Of Dr. A. W.
Chase's remedies you can say that you
"know" they will cure. But why? Be-
cause Dr. A. W. Chase never offered for
sale a remedy that he had not fully test-
ed in his own large practice. Until he
"knew" that it would cure the diseases
for which it was recommended he would
not pronounce it perfect.
But there is not only Dr. A. W. Chase's
judgment to go by. Many thousands of
people in the United States and Canada
have been cured "know" that Dr. A.
W. Chase's Remedies are absolutely re-
liable and certain in their results.
Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is a guaran-
teed cure for piles, eczema, salt rheum
and all skin diseases. Dr. A. W. Chase's
Kidney-Liver Pills are a positive cure
for kidney, liver and stomach troubles,
biliousness and sick headache. Dr. A.
W. Chase's Catarrhal Cure is a perma-
nent cure for Catarrh. Dr. A. W.
Dyspepsia Tablets relieve indigestion at
once, and permanently cure dyspepsia.
For sale at all dealers, or Edmondson,
Bates & Co., Toronto.

A monument to the memory of the Em-
press Elizabeth of Austria is about to be
erected at the Dominion, where she spent so
much of her time during the last few years
of her life. The monument, which is to
take the shape of a column twenty-one feet
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of the breath passes away, and the lost
sense of smell and hearing returns. The
drooping in the throat is permanently
checked, and the nose does not stop to
towards night. The discharge from the
nose grows less and less and finally stops
altogether. It does not drive the disease
into the throat or lungs or into the ears,
as so often is done by washes, douches,
and the temporary relief catarrh powders
and snuffs which contain cocaine and
other fatal alkaloids, which relieve at
the time, but give rise to a false secur-
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druggists, 50 cents. Six for \$2.50, or by
mail. Address the Griffiths & Mac-
pherson Co., 121 Church St., Toronto.

CURE
SICK
HEAD
ACHE

Rich Headache and relieve all the troubles in-
dent to a bilious state of the system, such as
Sickness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after
eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most
remarkable success has been shown in curing

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are
equally valuable in Constipation, curing and pro-
vening this annoying complaint while they also
correct disorders of the liver, stimulate the liver
and regulate the bowels. Even if they only
cure

As they would be almost priceless to those who
suffer from this distressing complaint, but for-
tunately their goodness does not end there and those
who suffer from this little pill will find the relief
in so many ways that they will not so wil-
ling to do without them. But after all sick head

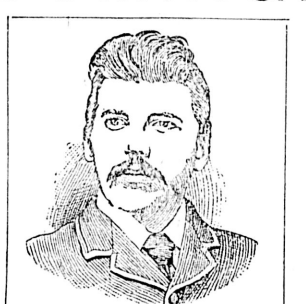
ACHE

It is the bone of so many lives that it is a shame
to make our great loss. Our pills cure it while
others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and
very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose.
They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or
purge, but by their gentle action please all who
use them. Invaluable to all who suffer from Sick
by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

COMING!



Now that it is universally acknowledged
that my patent appliances positively
CURE RUPTURE, I invite the very worst
cases—infants, children and adults—no mat-
ter how bad you may be afflicted.
See what our leading physicians say:

Ottawa, December 20, 1898.
I have much pleasure in testifying to J.
L. Armstrong's ability in the mechanical
treatment of Hernia or Rupture. He has
very successfully treated patients of mine,
ranging in age from a few months to 60
years of age. Most of these patients were
afflicted with very large unmanageable
Hernia, which failed to be relieved by all
the trusses tried. The principle of his pa-
tent appliance seems to be perfect. The
support is directed against the seat of the
rupture only, and can be manipulated to
retain accurately. I unhesitatingly recom-
mend Mr. Armstrong to the consideration
of the profession and the public.
HENRY P. RICHIE, M.D.,
102 Elgin street.

Ottawa, December 18, 1898.
J. L. Armstrong, Esq., Ottawa:
Dear Sir,—In my practice I necessarily
meet with many cases of Hernia or Rupture.
During the past 19 years I have had
occasion to use trusses of many patterns,
with the usual results obtained from belt
and spring trusses, viz., very unsatisfac-
tory. Until I recommended your patent ap-
pliance adjusted by yourself, all have been
little better than useless. I voluntarily re-
commend anyone afflicted with Hernia to
apply to you at once, and I have no doubt
that every intelligent physician, as he be-
comes aware of your ability to cure rup-
ture, will gladly recommend you to his
patients.
A. A. HENDERSON, M.D.,
414 Albert street.

FOR LADIES.
I have the privilege of referring you to
some most respectable persons cured by my
inventions. Including the wife of a mil-
lister of the Gospel; wife of a leading
lawyer, and wives of prominent merchants
of Ottawa.
I will be at the Victoria hotel, 19th to
23rd of January.
G. M. FARLEIGH, Specialist.
Armstrong's Representative.
Call early.

NORTHERN TRANSPORT

The Casca Trading & Transportation Co., Ltd.
Are now prepared to make contracts
for

DELIVERY OF FREIGHT
At all points on the Stikine river and at
Denise Lake, Liard river and Frances lake
during next summer.
The company has supply depots at the
Stikine, Canyon, Glenora, Telegraph creek
and Denise lake.
For rates, etc., apply to A. W. JONES,
Secretary, 28 Port street, Victoria.

VICTORIA AND TEXADA ISLAND

Steamer
will leave
Victoria for Nanaimo.....Thursday 6 a.m.
Nanaimo for Texada.....Friday 7 a.m.
Texada for Nanaimo.....Saturday 7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria.....Tuesday 6 a.m.
Calling at way ports.

Every Wednesday at 7 a.m. for Sooke and
return same day.
For rates apply on board, or at Porter's
wharf.

GLAYOQUOT

will leave
Victoria for Nanaimo.....Thursday 6 a.m.
Nanaimo for Texada.....Friday 7 a.m.
Texada for Nanaimo.....Saturday 7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria.....Tuesday 6 a.m.
Calling at way ports.

Every Wednesday at 7 a.m. for Sooke and
return same day.
For rates apply on board, or at Porter's
wharf.

75 Government street, Victoria, B.C.
Leave daily. Arrive daily.
8:00 p.m. CITY OF KINGSTON, 4:15 p.m.
Connecting at Seattle with Overland
Flyer.
J. H. ROGERS, Agent.

Canadian Pac. Navigation Co. Ltd

WHARF ST., VICTORIA.
TIME TABLE, NO. 39
Takes effect January 1, 1899.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.
Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, ex-
cept Monday, at 1 o'clock. Vancou-
ver to Victoria—Daily, except Mon-
day, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival
of C.P.R. train No. 1.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.
Leave Victoria for New Westmin-
ster, Ladner and Lulu Island—Sun-
day at 2 o'clock. Wednesday and
Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steam-
er to New Westminster connects
with C.P.R. train No. 2, going east
Monday. For Plumper Pass—Wed-
nesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. For
Moresby and Pender Islands—Fri-
day at 7 o'clock. Leave New West-
minster for Victoria—Monday at
13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Satur-
day at 7 o'clock. For Plumper Pass
—Thursday and Saturday at 7
o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Is-
lands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.
Steamships of this company will
leave for Port Simpson and inter-
mediate ports, via Vancouver, the
1st and 15th, each month, at 8
o'clock.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.
Str. Queen City leaves Victoria for
Alberni and Sound ports, the
10th, 20th and 30th of each month;
Quatsino and Cape Scott, 20th.

KLONDIKE ROUTE.
Steamers leave weekly for Wan-
gah, Juneau, Dyea and Skagway.
The company reserves the right
of changing this time table at any
time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, Gen. Agent.

SAVE MONEY
Taking Most Direct
Route East

CANADIAN PACIFIC
RAILWAY

AND...
SOO PACIFIC LINE

Through Palace and Tourist
Sleepers.

MINNEAPOLIS,
ST. PAUL,
TORONTO,
MONTREAL
AND BOSTON

Without Change.

For rates, folders and all informa-
tion, call on or address
B. W. GREER, Agent,
Cor. Government and Fort St

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1899.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

Limited Liability.

No. 27 Broad Street Victoria, B.C.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager.

Advertisers,

In making contracts for space for the year 1899, should consider the question from a business standpoint entirely. The value of an advertising medium is generally based upon extent of circulation, but with this experts in the business always associate the character of the publication and the class of readers. So far as Victoria is concerned, the Colonist is possessed of all these requisites. Its circulation in Victoria and Suburbs is double that of any other paper, while its merits as a high-class newspaper are attested to by the fact that it is daily read in almost every home in the city. The carriers of the Colonist place it every morning in the hands of the doors of more than double the number of citizens than is the case with any other paper circulated in Victoria. Besides this, it is circulated on the streets, on steamers and trains, in Vancouver and Nanaimo, and all other Coast points reached daily, the morning of issue. This is a value given by no other publication. The advantage to the advertiser of any class of goods, or engaged in any calling requiring the attention of the public is, therefore, plainly to be seen. It is almost unnecessary to add that in the Colonist the advertiser secures the very best value obtainable, and should arrange for his advertising in its columns.

THE YELLOW PERIL.

The movement going on in the Orient has its social aspect, and possibly this is its most dangerous side. Many people, in discussing this matter, class Chinese and Japanese together, but the effect of the competition of the latter in the markets of the world is not likely to be serious, and for three reasons. The first reason is that there are not enough of them; the next is that they will soon cease to be competitors with Caucasian labor, because they will in a very short time live as the European and American branches of the Caucasian race do. Moreover, and this is the most important fact in this connection, their energy is more likely to be directed towards continental Asia than America or Europe. There will doubtless be some localities, like British Columbia, where their competition will be felt for a time to some extent; but under the most extreme conditions that will arise the entrance of Japanese labor into the general markets of the world can hardly be called perilous. With China the case is different. There is enough labor available in China to overwhelm the whole civilized world, so as to reduce the rate of wages far below a point at which it will enable white families to enjoy the ordinary comforts of life. The Workman says "China does not exert civilizing influence on any nation on earth, yet she sends her vast hordes of workers to fatten on other countries and take the bread out of the mouths of civilized and Christian people." This is a simple statement of a plain truth. If we were now experiencing the full effect of this outflowing tide of yellow labor, it would be no great problem to place it under control. But we have only seen the beginning of it, unless some plan can be devised to arrest it. The nations of the Occident will conquer China in their own way and when it suits their convenience; but in return China may conquer the Occident, by controlling the labor market. The comparatively few Chinese who now find their way to America and elsewhere are as nothing when compared with the hordes congregated in the cities, who are likely to be turned loose upon the world to degrade manual labor to the level of serfdom, when once the peculiar institutions of the country have been shattered by collision with Occidental ideas.

Locally labor feels Chinese competition; but if there was any certainty that this competition would not increase it would gradually regulate itself and would not be much felt in the expansion of the population and the opening of new industries. But the certainty is that the competition will increase, as the stirring up process now going on in the Yellow Kingdom gains in activity. China may be likened to a hive of bees. Let alone, a comparatively small portion of its inmates go out and return. Disturb them and they issue in clouds. We fear this will be the result of what is now taking place in China, and it may be rightly regarded as the greatest peril threatening civilized society.

The question at present is only a local one; that is to say it is confined to a few localities. It will soon become universal. Our view of the case is that there will have to be international action to prevent Chinese emigration. The result of flooding the world with Chinese labor would be far-reaching and past all estimate. The first effect would be the lowering of wages, to be followed almost immediately by the substitution of Chinese for white labor. Thus the great army of the unemployed would be reinforced, and the elevation of what General Booth has called the Submerged Tenth would become impossible. The condition of the substratum of our social fabric is already perilously near collapse. There is no citizen to whom the stability of our institutions owes more than to the men who work for wages. They are in the large majority, and in intelligence and appreciation of the great social problems of the day they stand in the very foremost rank. Drive out such men from our factories, our farms, our workshops; take the bread from their mouths and compel them to

look upon their children ill-fed, ill-clothed and without prospect of doing better, and compel them to take places in the Submerged Tenth, and a force will be set loose in society that will rend it to pieces. People, who had no opportunity of observing the true nature of the Coxey movement, took a great deal of amusement out of it; but those who know how to look beneath the surface of things saw in it cause for the deepest anxiety. Those who moved about among the people of whom the "army" was composed will bear evidence that it was not simply a miscellaneous collection of tramps. The tramp element was conspicuously absent. It was composed of men who wanted a chance to work—a chance to come under what we are told is the "curse of Adam." Let governments and those who control them beware of the day when another movement of this kind will be inaugurated as a protest and a defence against Chinese labor. We are not now speaking of conditions prevailing in British Columbia, for our difficulties can be met easily enough. A head tax that will be practically prohibitory will meet our case. We have in mind the large cities of Europe and Canada, when the yellow wave strikes them. If labor has to fight for its life, there will be no doubt on which side the victory will be.

To give this matter a practical shape, we suggest to the Trades and Labor Council of Victoria that it would do well to take the initiative in arousing organized labor the world over to a realization of the Yellow Peril. Before another six months have passed, and before the disintegration of China has begun—that is before the bee hive is disturbed—every labor organization in the world should bring pressure to bear upon every civilized government to unite in some plan of action that will keep the Chinese at home. No greater work can be done for civilization than this.

ONLY ONE FLAG.

Mr. Tarte is alleged to have had the French flag flying over the government steamer, when making his official tour through Quebec waters, and to have said that the day he cannot fly the French flag beside that of England when in Quebec, he will go out of the government. If this is Mr. Tarte's view of the matter, he ought to be given his walking ticket instantly. Canada is a large country, but there is only room for one flag in it. The French flag of today was never the flag of Quebec. If Mr. Tarte chooses to hoist the flag of Louis XV, which was that lowered by Montcalm after Wolfe's victory on the Plains of Abraham, we do not suppose anyone will make any great objection. The French of Quebec have always contended that they were not a conquered people, that their country was ceded to England, not taken by force, which as a historical proposition is strictly correct. If the people of the ceded territory choose to fly the flag under which they fought nearly a century and a half ago, we are sure that there is not a man in Canada who will seriously complain, as long as they are careful to place the Union Jack in the most conspicuous place of honor. But why should a French-Canadian fly the tricolor, the flag of the revolution? Whatever may have been the sympathy of old Quebec for the French monarchy, it never had any for the movement which resulted in the adoption of the tricolor as the flag of France. The history of those days clearly proves that nothing contributed more to cementing the friendship of the French colonists for the Crown of England than their abhorrence of the principles of the revolution. So we say that Mr. Tarte, when he hoists the flag of France over a Canadian government steamer, is not only disloyal to the country in whose service he is, but to the traditions of the race to which he belongs. We repeat: One flag is enough for Canada.

IN NORTH EAST KOOTENAY.

No better proof is needed of the unpopularity of the government in North East Kootenay than is afforded by the fact that Mr. J. C. Pitts has accepted the unanimous nomination tendered him by the opposition, and will be a candidate at the forthcoming election to fill the vacancy caused by the lamented death of Mr. Neilson. Mr. Pitts resides at Donald. He is a merchant, has been a long time associated with the business of the locality, is widely known and highly respected. He will make an excellent representative, and we are assured by those who are in a position to judge that he has a most excellent prospect of election.

The people of East Kootenay do not need to be told how the late government watched and assisted with every means in its power, the development of the mining industries. They know that Mr. Turner and his colleagues were committed to a policy of progress, and that their plans contemplated works of development and improvement in all parts of the province. They will not need to be reminded that the present administration have adopted a do-nothing policy so far as public improvements go, and that if Mr. Semlin and his colleagues remain in power, it will be a long day before what is necessary to advance the material interests of that section of the province will be done. They know that whenever they approached the late government with projects looking to the opening of the country and facilitating the transaction of business, they were met in a spirit, which sought to do everything that could be done, and not as now with a determination to do nothing that can be avoided. The people of North-East Kootenay have had a small experience of the sort of policy they may expect from the present advisers of the Lieutenant-Governor. This government hereafter does not propose to sell an acre of land unless the person requiring it takes

them into their confidence as to his business, and then may refuse to make the sale if his explanations and intentions do not satisfy them. They do not propose to allow any person to purchase any saw logs or land on which timber is growing, no matter how much the lumber may be required for mining or other purposes. Only a few weeks ago one of the Kootenay mill companies declared that it would be driven to go to the state of Washington for lumber because of the policy adopted by his government. They propose to concentrate every sort of power in the hands of themselves, so as to be able to advance the business interests of those whom they favor and retard those whom they oppose, as witness the large powers sought to be taken by the new placer mines bill. If the people of North-East Kootenay want this sort of thing, if they believe in stagnation rather than in progress, if they wish to see industry hampered rather than promoted, if they want the nose of the government poked into every person's private affairs, they can secure these blessings by electing some one to support the Semlin government. If on the other hand they desire to see the province put upon the highway of prosperity and every man given equal rights before the law, they will return Mr. Pitts with a handsome majority. His return will certainly mean the inauguration of a new regime.

No excuse at all is better than that put forward by Mr. Cotton for the delay in bringing down business. That offered by him is as thin as Lady Godiva's costume. She was clad only in her modesty; Mr. Cotton's excuse was robed only in its audacity. We suppose that there never was an occasion before when a government gave, as its reason for not having the public business ready, that it was waiting for a vote of want of confidence. The house was adjourned until Monday, and when it resumes its sittings, sixteen days after it was called together, the only work it will have to its credit will be to seat Messrs. Prentice and Deane in defiance of the law as it then stood. We do not overlook the placer mines bill, for although this has passed in its third reading, every one knows that it will not be allowed to become law in its present shape.

The references to "Kitchener's School" in the house yesterday were well conceived, but nothing would have been lost if some member had directed attention to the unique fact that the gentleman, who seconded the Premier's suggestion, is connected by the closest ties to one whose name will go down in history in connection with the Sudan in a place scarcely less honorable than those of Gordon and Kitchener. It was Sir Samuel Baker, brother of Col. Baker, who discovered the Albert Nyanza and five years later led the first Egyptian expedition to Central Africa for the suppression of the slave trade and the acquisition of the territories, to preserve which Gordon went to Khartoum, and to recover which Kitchener smashed the Khalifa.

The Columbian says: "Seeing that Mr. Henderson, by virtue of the double campaign which he ran, had to fool somebody, it may be confessed that he has chosen wisely, so far as the country's interests are concerned, as to whom he should fool." This is the government defence of Mr. Henderson's conduct. It is worse than anything which the opposition said about it. It is the worst thing that could be possibly said about any man. It will suit admirably for Mr. Henderson's epitaph.

Mr. Speaker Foster may have been perfectly sincere in the explanation which he offered Mr. McBride yesterday for not permitting him to address the house; but every one except Mr. Speaker saw that Mr. McBride was on his feet and had addressed Mr. Speaker before the question was put. Mr. McBride accepted Mr. Speaker's explanation, but he ought not to have done so without insisting that he was in order when he first rose, as he undoubtedly was. Such interferences with the rights of members may easily become prejudicial to the right of free discussion.

The News-Advertiser claims Mr. Price Ellison as a government supporter. The claim is upon Mr. Ellison's statement that he will support such government measures as meet with his approval. The Colonist is ready to make the same statement as to itself, but would not think this entitled it to be ranked as a government supporter. The News-Advertiser is thankful for small mercies.

The Washington legislature has petitioned the President to appoint a Western man to the place filled by the late Mr. Dingley upon the Anglo-American commission. The reason is that the legislature thinks the important interests of the West are not represented. This applies to British Columbia with equal force.

Women are not the only ones who are sensitive about their ages. A man doesn't like to be told that he is getting old. Health keeps a man young. It doesn't make any difference if he has lived eighty years. If they have been healthy years, he will be old and hearty and won't look like a young man. God gives good digestion and rich, red blood make people look youthful. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes rich, red blood. It makes health in the right way. It works according to the right theory, and in 30 years of practice, it has proved that the theory is absolutely correct. It begins at the beginning—begins by putting the stomach, liver and bowels into perfect order, but it begins its good work on the blood before it finishes with the digestive system. It searches out disease germs wherever they may be and forces them out of the body. All druggists keep the "Discovery."

"There are three expressions," said the Corned Philosopher, "to delineate for the artist to seize; the look of a mother watching over the sleep of her first born, a young man's expression as he meets the one woman of all the world, and an old man's gleam over a good dinner."—Indianapolis Journal.

SLOCAN'S OUTPUT.

Year's Product of the Silver-Lead Mines \$2,550,000—Almost up to Rossland.

The Kootenai Kootenian gives the following resume of the output of the rich mines of the Slocan during 1898:

Since 1898 the output of ores from this port has grown from \$1,100,000 to \$2,550,000. This is indeed a flattering record for the Slocan district, and will perhaps teach investors that silver-lead mining is sometimes as valuable as gold, even though the metal does not glitter as much. With less than one-half the amount invested, we have produced nearly as much as the famous Rossland gold and copper district, which has no superior of its class in British Columbia.

Here are our producers, together with the amounts of ore in pounds each sent forth over the Kaslo & Slocan railway during the year:

	Pounds.		Pounds.
Payne	13,614,000	Goodenough	40,000
Ruth	8,350,000	Treasure Vault	40,000
Whitewater	6,073,000	Wonderful Bird	33,465
Last Chance	3,278,000	Ward	20,000
Slocan Star	2,745,000	Fidelity	20,000
Lucky Jim	2,160,000	Stenerson Concentrator	20,000
Montezuma	977,000	Great Western	20,000
Rambler-Carlboo	936,300	Parade	20,000
Revo	758,000	Two Kings	21,000
Antoine	750,050	Ruby Silver	21,000
Queen Bess	310,000	N. C. Exploration	22,000
Dardanelles	258,000	Caribou No. 2	15,800
Jackson Mines	104,000	Fourth of July	7,000
Bismark	116,250	Reno	5,800
Silver Bell	123,520	C. M. Wilson	5,415
Blue Bird	90,000	Sturges	2,540
Garfield	80,000	Fountain	1,125
Sorecega	78,000	Fletcher Mine	1,000
Whitewater Deep	74,200		
Alax	70,000		
Black Diamond	62,000		
Native Silver Bell	60,000		
Gold	60,000		
Goodenough	40,000		
Treasure Vault	40,000		
Wonderful Bird	33,465		
Ward	20,000		
Fidelity	20,000		
Stenerson Concentrator	20,000		
Great Western	20,000		
Parade	20,000		
Two Kings	21,000		
Ruby Silver	21,000		
N. C. Exploration	22,000		
Caribou No. 2	15,800		
Fourth of July	7,000		
Reno	5,800		
C. M. Wilson	5,415		
Sturges	2,540		
Fountain	1,125		
Fletcher Mine	1,000		

Total pounds 41,709,115

The exports of ore cleared at the port of Kaslo in 1898 each month is as follows:

Month	Tons.	Value.
January	3,758	\$ 306,303
February	2,600	142,368
March	2,627	222,000
April	1,552	108,821
May	1,430	96,659
June	1,187	82,427
July	3,653	287,015
August	3,622	196,802
September	3,622	304,372
October	3,622	312,494
November	2,600	201,419
December	3,631	250,228

Total 32,638 \$2,550,000

Until April 1 Rossland, Trail, Kaslo and Nakusp were all outposts of Nelson. Since that date Rossland has been a port of call for an outpost, and Kaslo has been a port with Nakusp an outpost. The official returns, therefore, will credit to the port of Nelson the whole output for the first three months. For purposes of comparison we have, however, treated them as if separate for the whole year. The result, which in itself makes a very slight falling off on comparison with last year, chiefly in the shipments of silver-lead ores, the cause being, as was predicted, the operations of the mill, is as follows:

	Tons.	Value.
Rossland	116,697	\$2,501,739.12
Kaslo	32,038	2,500,000
Nelson	29,341	1,301,975.00

Total 178,076 \$6,303,714.12

SHIPMENTS FROM SANDON.

The Sandom Paymaster says that for the six months from July 1, 1898, to January 1, 1899, the total ore shipments from Sandom have been 13,065 tons. As will be seen by a glance at the figures, the Payne leads the list with 8,780 tons, over one-half the total shipments from Sandom. The Slocan Star, as before, takes second place to the Payne with a total of over 1,900 tons. In regard to the Star shipments it must be charged to the mill and tramway. For the next three months it is not probable that the Star will be a heavy shipper, as owing to an accident to the mine, the mill will not be running before spring.

The Ruth stands third on the list with over 1,700 tons to its credit. This property has been one of the stupider and most reliable shippers in British Columbia. At present the owners are figuring on building a concentrator in Sandom with a tramway connection, the intention being to treat the low grade ore found in the mine. This would mean a large increase in shipments and a corresponding increase in the number of men employed.

HUMOR OF THE DAY.

"What do you think of that new French fashion of acquiring coal oil jags?" asked the shoe clerk bouncer.

"It certainly sets a new standard," said the Cheerful Idiot.—Indianapolis Journal.

"That poor organ-grinder seemed all upset when that wagon ran into him."

"Yes, I noticed that for a few minutes he didn't know which way to turn."

—Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Have you anything besides this photograph by which I can identify him?" asked the detective.

"Yes, I have," replied the hard-fetched patron, whose husband had deserted her. And going to her bureau drawer she took out a bunch of ginger-colored hair, tied with a ribbon.

"Him and me had some words on day," she said, "and I pulled all this out of his head."—Chicago Tribune.

He felt that she had encouraged him, and when she refused him he indignantly inquired if she didn't think she had played him a very mean trick.

"Not at all," she answered cheerily: "only a little slight-of-hand."—Detroit Free Press.

"Why do the roses fade slowly away?" she inquired poetically.

"Well," replied the bald-headed young man with white ears, "when you think it over it's all for the best. It's more comfortable to have them fade slowly away than to go off all of a sudden like a torpedo."—Washington Star.

"Popper, why do you always draw your pencil from the top to the bottom in remarking does pants?"

"Key, your popper was an honest man. I am sick of the der. It's more comfortable to have them fade slowly away than to go off all of a sudden like a torpedo."—Washington Star.

"Yes," said the lady from Boston, speaking of her favorite lecturer. "He is one whom the lady would designate as a biscuit John."

"Oh, pardon?" said the member of the lady.

"He is to be explicit, a crackerjack."—Indianapolis Journal.

"Is she really so jealous about him?"

"Man, she won't even allow him to sing 'Amie Laurie.'"—Indianapolis Journal.

Little Alice—What kind of a place do you think heaven is?

Little Harry—Well, if heaven's as nice as they say, I guess they must let you eat your pie first when you sit down to dinner there.—Chicago News.

750 Boys' Suits reduced to \$1.35, B. Williams & Co.

To Rent:---

Furnished House, 8 rooms, 2 lots, good garden. \$22 per month. Apply to Swinerton & Oddy, 196 Gove St.

MINES and PROSPECTS

Examined and Reported on. D. R. IRVINE for 12 years officer of H.M. Geological P.O. Box 502, Survey, Scotland, Office at Swinerton and 6 years mining & Oddy, Victoria. B.C. experience in B. C.

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Is prepared to supply and erect in working order Mining, Milling and Metallurgical Machinery by the best makers. Hand, power and diamond rock drills a specialty. Office, No. 14 Board of Trade Bldg., Victoria. P.O. Box 641.

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because it prevents decay, resists contamination, is light, durable and costs but a trifle.....

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During My Absence

From the city Wm. McDowell has my full power of attorney and will transact all my business. J. HEANEY.

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Ask Your Grocer for a can.

TAURO CONDENSED MILK CO.

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STOCK

Will Positively Close on 21st

The balance must be sold at some price.

One hundred and fifty yards of all-wool goods at 25 cents per yard.

Also boys' pant ends at 25 cents.

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A few pieces suitable for ladies' dresses left.

Call and see us at 45 Johnson street.

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Mill and Mining Supplies, Waggons,

IRON, STEEL, NAILS. ETC. ETC.

Buggies, Cutters, Farm... Implements.

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OIL—Pure Linseed, raw and boiled. We are large users of Linseed Oil, and heavy stocks, carefully strained and tested, are maintained at Montreal, Toronto and Victoria, ready for immediate shipment.

ZINC—"Elephant" Snow White. Finely ground, in all sized packages. Florence White, Flake White.

GLUE—Domestic, sheet and broken. White Glue, Snow Glue, Kalsomine Glue, Ground Glue.

PAINTS for dipping—labor-saving and economical. Every shade. Dry, in paste form or semi-paste.

STAINS—Imitating the natural woods. Stain stains. True to nature and thoroughly reliable.

JAPANS—Practical painters appreciate a good dryer. The Canada Paint Company make a specialty of Japans and Dryers for every class of work.

SMELTS—Black, Blue, Maroon, Purple, Scarlet, Crimson, Chrome Green, Vermillion, Old Gold.

COLORS—Our own manufacture. The latest processes. The best results.

FILLERS—The "Eureka," in paste form. Also dry and liquid fillers. Single Coat Surface.

BRONZE—All shades. For lining or dusting. Gold Leaf, the most reliable brand.

ENAMELS—The artist's ideal. For high-class finishing. All colors.

GRAPHITE—For bridge, iron and roof painting. The most durable paint extant.

CARRIAGE—Specialties for Coach Painters. Body Primer, Ground Rough Stuff, Red Lead, Red Ground Colors.

VARNISHES—Our varnishes are manufactured by experienced workmen, and each tank is carefully tested by experts before shipping. The works are extensive, and the following Varnishes are made and matured: Agricultural Implement, Boat, Carriage, Chair, Damar, Decorators, Finishing, Flowing, Lithographers, Mastic, Piano, Cabinet, Rubbing, Polishing, Shellac, etc.

TURPENTINE—Pure Spirits, direct from the Pine Woods. In good packages and guaranteed free from adulterations.

WHITE LEAD—The world-famous "Elephant" brand. Munro's Selected Flake White. The Decorators' Pure.

READY-MIXED PAINTS—The best selling brands, and undoubtedly the best quality.

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PURITY AND AGGURACY
in compounding
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Hall & Co., Dispensing
Chemists,
Clarence Bldg.
Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Kitchener's College Fund Com-
mended by Leaders of Govern-
ment and Opposition.

Ministers Over Their Hasty and
the House Adjourned Until
Monday.

THURSDAY, Jan. 19.

The business of the legislature this afternoon was disposed of in less than half an hour, the order paper being exhausted by 2:30, and Premier Semlin then introducing the subject of assisting the Gordon Memorial College at Khartoum, which served to conclude away half an hour more—it was, Mr. Ed-
wards remarked across the floor of the house, as much Khartoum coming to the relief of Semlin as Semlin to the relief of Khartoum.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock and prayers were read by Rev. Dr. Campbell.

COMMITTEE REPORT.

Mr. Higgins presented the fourth report of the private bills committee, which was, however, subsequently referred back to the committee at the request of its chairman.

SMALL DEBTS ACT.

On the motion of the Attorney-General the bill to amend the Small Debts Act received its third reading and finally passed.

PRIVATE BILLS INTRODUCED.
Private bills to incorporate were introduced and received first readings in the following order:

South Kootenay Railway Company (Mr. Green).
The British Columbia Telephone, Ltd. (Mr. Prentice).

Atlin Short Line Railway and Navigation Company (Mr. Clifford).
Pine Creek Plume Company (Mr. Helgesen).

MASTERS AND SERVANTS BILL.

The committee was resumed on the Masters and Servants Bill, Amendment bill (Mr. Macpherson), which was shortly reported complete with amendments, to be read a third time on Monday.

GORDON MEMORIAL COLLEGE.

Before moving the adjournment of the house for the day, the order paper being exhausted.

PREMIER SEMLIN directed the attention of the members to the project now receiving the attention of all parts of the Empire, looking to the establishment of a Gordon memorial college at Khartoum. The Governor-General had recently communicated with the Lieutenant-Governor on the subject and a subscription list would shortly be opened to which all British Columbians would no doubt contribute liberally. It was in his opinion most desirable thus to commemorate not only the consummation of the splendid campaign of the Sirdar but also the memory of the glorious life of General Gordon, and at the same time to introduce a valuable educational agent with the object of civilizing the sanguinary races of the Sudan. After many years of disorder and conflict this vast region had, by the victory at Omdurman, finally passed into the control of Britain, and it was most desirable that it should be made to understand as quickly as possible the benefits accruing to them from being brought under the flag. Hitherto the Sudan under the Bedouin sway had been the centre and heart of the slave trade, and one of the foremost effects to be anticipated from the erection of this college at Khartoum would be the remoulding of the national thought so that the final breaking up of this unnatural traffic in human flesh and blood might soon be brought about. Outlining the subscription plan, Hon. Mr. Semlin said that it was hoped all would contribute loyally, subscriptions of from two bits upwards being received; the opportunity was an admirable one for every citizen to demonstrate his loyalty and his appreciation of the services performed by those great sons of the Empire—Gordon and Kitchener.

COL. BAKER echoed the sentiments of the leader of the government and felt sure that all members of the house would join heartily in the movement set forth by the Premier at the request of Her Majesty's representative, the Lieutenant-Governor. The project outlined by the Premier had a peculiar significance at the present time, because although Khartoum was many thousands miles away, the British Columbia people also belonged to the great British Empire and never felt more strongly their kinship than during the progress of the recent stirring events in the Sudan. He was glad that this subject had now been introduced for it was well to remember the Imperial connection and responsibilities and extend the range of politics beyond the smaller and local affairs that were the immediate charge and concern of the legislature. One great object lesson to be drawn from the history of the British conquest was that civilization followed the flag. Taking the map of the world, and it would be noticed how the flag was advancing ever a great part of the Dark Continent, extending southward from the Nile to meet those of our own race who were pushing northward from the southern extremity of the continent to meet the brother colonizers of the North. Between the two colonization forces of Anglo-Saxons there was a large area in the centre of the continent, some 6,000 feet above the sea and admirably adapted for colonization by the white people. It was expected that the Anglo-Saxons would be long in occupying this territory for the glory of the flag, and the good of the civilized world. The great factor against the opening up of this promising region of Central Africa had been the savagery or semi-savagery of the present inhabitants, and this condition the college at Khartoum might be expected to operate valuably against, taking the young men and teaching them the advantages of civilization so that they in turn might make known these advantages to their own people. The wisdom of the Sirdar had here been conspicuous, for shown, as again in the location of the college where it could not arouse the antagonism of Mohammedanism or the other rival religious forces. He thought that all would unite in liberal assistance to the memorial fund, so that the college might speedily be established and be performing its mission in the education of the young men of the country and the extension through them of the lessons of civilization. These students

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at

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During January



WE are giving 20 per cent discount off all Boys' and Childrens' Suits, Overcoats and Reefers for cash. Ages 4 to 14 years.

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One of the Finest Residences in Victoria

This property, containing about five acres of land, is very handsomely laid out in lawns and shrubberies; commands a magnificent view of the Straits and is situated at the corner of Moss street and Belcher avenue. The house is large, commodious and very handsomely finished, the interior workmanship being very good. There is a large, well-built stable on the property, and a large, well-stocked fruit and kitchen garden.

This property is offered for sale at a very great sacrifice.

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A Forced Draft.

We must resort to it. We listened to the siren's song, "Bound to have a glorious Fall Business." We've too many fine malcontents and overcoats left on hand. They're what you want. If you can get them cheap enough. So let's get together and make things lively this week. We will sell you

The \$16.00 Ones for \$10.95
The \$12.00 Ones for \$8.75
The \$10.00 Ones for \$6.75
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It's better than keeping them over until next fall, and isn't it a saving to those who buy?

CAMERON

The Acknowledged Cheapest Cash Clothier in Victoria, 55 Johnson Street.

People Who Eat

Bread might as well get something appetizing as to eat something that isn't. What's the use of buying a poor article, when you can get the best for the same money?

RALSTON WHOLE WHEAT BREAD.
POTTINGER'S PURE MILK BREAD.
are conceded to be the best on the market. Full 1½ lb. loaves, 4 for 25 cents.

D. R. POTTINGER, "The Ideal"
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GLASSES ADJUSTED. EYES TESTED FREE.
37 FORT ST.

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Under Patronage of Bishop of Columbia

The Mission works amongst the sailors supplies the ships with a free grant of soap and papers. The Seamen's Institute on Store street is free to sailors. Subscriptions and all kinds of books and papers are earnestly asked for and sent to the Institute.

Address REV. W. E. H. ELLISON, Harbor Chaplain.

Keep your money in the City and purchase your.....

...PIANOS

From the old reliable house of....

WAITT & CO.

They keep a full stock on hand for you to select from, so that you can see what you are buying and are always on the spot to live up to their guarantee.

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You will never be satisfied to pay the price for a silk skirting after you have once seen **Sea Island Silk Skirting** at 25c. per yard in a 33-inch width. It is beautifully mirrored, artistically colored and has the grain of silk.

Ask to see their latest novelties. All have the beauty of silk linked to a cotton price. Used by the fashionable modistes and ladies' tailors. For lining skirt and waist or for making undershirts.

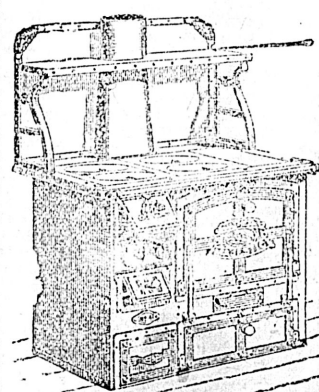
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Which for Economy in Fuel, Durability in Use and Perfection in Cooking, is the BEST ON EARTH.

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Meccas, Orients, Tanjores, Khybers, Nizams, Daghestans, Dagdags, Orientals, Smyrnas, Moquettes, Axminsters, Belgravias, Etc.

Curtains and Curtain Materials to Match.

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CAPITAL (with power to increase).....\$1,000,000 \$2,920,000
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Carpenters' Tools at Cheapside.

Majestic Ranges at Cheapside.

Smoke Capstan—cool and comforting.

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Bass' XXXX on draught at the Ocedental.

Air-tight Heaters, own make, at Clarke & Pearson's.

Hotel Victoria, Victoria, strictly first-class. Rates \$2 upwards.

A fine range of Boys' Reefer Jackets. Twenty per cent. off for cash at Reid's.

Skates! Skates! A good supply at Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street.

Reid's clearance sale will continue another week. Twenty per cent. discount on all cash purchases.

Prof. Charles Gartner, B. A.—Vocal and instrumental music. Latest European methods. Studio, 85 Five Sisters block.

Bound to Clear Them Out.—Overcoats and Usters will go at 25 per cent. discount to the cash buyer this week at Reid's.

If you have beauty I will take it—
If you have none I will make it.
Savannah, Photo.

Our stock of Sash Curtains, Laces and Nettings is well assorted, and you will see some very pretty novelties at Weiler Bros'.

All kinds of drapery work executed by experienced men. A nice stock of fine goods, with fringes to match, always in stock. Weiler Bros.

W. C. T. U.—The W. C. T. U. have their meeting at the Refuge Home this afternoon.

Trio of Drunks.—There were three drunks before the city police magistrate yesterday, two being fined \$2.50 each and the third \$5.

Golf.—There will be a competition on the United Service links, Macaulay point, on Saturday next for ladies and gentlemen—match play.

Not a Single Case.—The handful of spectators who daily attend the sittings of the city police court were disappointed yesterday, not a single offender being before the magistrate.

Not to Be Closed.—The Salvation Army Shelter Home is not to be closed as previously reported. They have obtained a good supply of wood and are continuing the work.

Lectures to Teachers.—The Saturday classes for teachers will be resumed tomorrow in the High School laboratory. Principal Paul will meet his class at 10 a.m., and Miss Watson hers at 11 a.m.

Teachers' Meeting.—The regular monthly meeting of the teachers of Intermediate (second and third reader) grades will be held in the office of the city superintendent this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Marchant is Guiltless.—It was Trustee Belyea who made the remark attributed to Trustee Marchant in regard to Miss Cameron's request for a new teacher read at Wednesday evening's school board meeting.

Company Ball.—The No. 3 company ball will be held on January 31 in the A.O.U.W. hall. Each member of that company is entitled to one ticket for a lady friend. Applications for these tickets should be sent in at once to R. H. Johnston, 19 City market, or to one of the committee at the drill hall.

Manumense Ordered Sold.—The steamer Manumense has been ordered by Chief Justice McGill to be sold to satisfy the claim of the mortgagees, Williamson & Son, of Liverpool, for \$78,000. In admiralty on application of Mr. F. Peters, Q.C., the Chief Justice made an order directing Mr. W. A. Ward, the receiver, to sell the vessel. Mr. J. M. Broadbourn for the ship.

By-Law Quashed.—Judgment was given by Mr. Justice Martin yesterday on the application on behalf of Mr. Geo. Lovatt to quash the Sandon by-law to raise \$15,000 to flume Carpenter creek. Mr. Justice Martin quashed the by-law on the ground that the municipality had not the power to raise money for the purpose set forth in the by-law. Mr. Robert Cassidy and Mr. Arthur Davey for the application; Hon. Joseph Martin contra.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

VICTORIA CONFECTIONERS

Are requested to visit **OKELL & MORRIS'**

Show rooms before purchasing..... **XMAS CANDIES**

The Largest and Best Assortment in B. C. Aid Home Manufacture.

More cases of sick headache, biliousness, constipation, can be cured in less time, with less medicine, and for less money, by using Carter's Little Liver Pills, than by any other means.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office.

Victoria, Jan. 19, 8 p.m.

SYNOPSIS.

An area of high pressure still covers the South Pacific states, while across Western Canada a sequence of storm areas are rapidly travelling eastward from the Pacific. The most pronounced one is now approaching Vancouver Island. Southerly gales have set in along the Oregon and Washington coasts, and the winds are increasing throughout this province. Showers have occurred to the westward of the Cascades, while eastward to Alberta the weather remains fair and very mild.

TEMPERATURES.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	41	47
Kamloops	40	46
Markerville	28	36
Calgary	22	32
Winnipeg	14	20
Portland, Ore.	44	52
San Francisco, Cal.	50	58

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a.m. (Pacific time)
Friday:
Victoria and vicinity—High winds or gales from south and southwest; mild, with rain.
Lower Mainland—High southerly winds over the Straits and Sound; continued mild and rainy.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for twenty-four hours ending 5 p.m. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon, and 5 p.m.

Thursday, Jan. 19.

Temperatures:	Deg.	Deg.
5 a.m.	41	Mean.....44
Noon	46	Highest.....47
5 p.m.	46	Lowest.....41

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a.m. Calm.
Noon Calm.
5 p.m. Calm.
Rain—21 inches.
Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Barometer at noon—Observed.....29.966
Corrected.....29.938

E. BAYNES REED,
Provincial Forecast Official.

PASSENGERS.

By str. City of Kingston from the Sound:

T. C. Bell.	David Ker.
A. McDonald.	F. W. Dashiell.
E. C. Hawkins.	F. L. Crompton.
J. G. Stephen.	G. S. Huston.
J. Blackhall.	Jas. Black.
W. S. Sims.	Wm. Holman.
B. Jones.	W. G. Black.
Miss B. Jones.	Mrs. Black.
Mrs. Miller.	L. Yarn.
Master Miller.	Mrs. Yarn.
Mrs. Mascon.	G. D. Brynner.
Miss Mascon.	T. J. Drapp.
S. Sears.	Sister of Charity.
B. C. Keeler.	A. Mallis.
C. A. Lacy.	Mr. Mauley.
Mrs. Milroy.	Norman Willard.
	W. Johnston.
	H. C. McGillivray.
	Wm. G. Green.
	J. W. Fisher.
	G. Graydon.
	Master Stencil.
	E. E. Billingshurst.

CONSIGNEES.

By str. City of Kingston from the Sound:

J. Barnsley.	Erskine, Wall & Co.
P. McQuade.	Challenger & Mitchell.
E. B. Marvin.	G. Marsden.
W. G. Harris.	G. W. Knight.
Victoria Shoe Co.	Book & News Co.
Hudson Bay Co.	Bodwell & Duff.
Victoria L. & M. Co.	J. Walker.
G. Macdell.	J. Tollock.
Union Brewing Co.	J. Johnson.
Wm. Staid & Co.	D. Miller.
Union Carriage Co.	H. Green.
D. G. Changranes.	Bank B. N. A.
W. J. Penderay.	J. H. Rogers.
Lenz & Lelser.	Weller Bros.

By steamer Charnier from Vancouver:

J. H. Todd & Son.	Parsons Produce Co.
E. B. Marvin.	B. C. Market Co.
Wm. Bro.	Vic. Lumber Co.
Hudson Bay Co.	W. Graham.
Royal Engineers.	Govt. Pig. Office.
C. P. N. Co.	R. Porter & Sons.
Ames-Holden Co.	R. E. Cooper.
Turner, B. & Co.	C. M. Cookson.
S. Reid.	John Colbert.
S. Lelser & Co.	W. S. Gore.
Hickman-Tye Co.	Don. Express Co.

ASTHMA GASPS.

The wheezing and strangling of those who are victims of asthma are promptly relieved by a few doses of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

Burnett Walker, of Chicago, is said to be the only man who was born in the White House. He is a nephew of President Polk's father was Polk's private secretary and a member of the President's household.

If there ever was a specific for any one complaint, then Carter's Little Liver Pills are a specific for sick headache, and every woman should know this. One pill a dose. Try them.

COAL.

Nut Coal - \$4.25
Lump " - 5.50
Full weight given.

Munn, Holland & Co.

Corner Broad St. and Truncheon Avenue

CROWD FROM DAWSON

Danube Arrived Early Yesterday From Skagway Bringing Big Party of Yukoners.

Dominion Government's Give-Away Policy Deprives Selkirk Indians of Winter's Wood Supply.

Another Variety Actress Takes Her Own Life—Man Terribly Frozen at Forty-Mile.

The C.P.N. steamer Danube, which was reported from Nanaimo on Wednesday evening, reached Victoria from the north yesterday morning, with a crowd of thirty or forty Klondikers and ten or twelve other passengers. Her trip down was very disagreeable. A lengthy delay was necessitated at Wrangell narrows and two stoppages of a night each were made later on through snow storms. The City of Seattle and Farallon were passed at Mary Island, the Rosalie at Fitzhugh sound and the Amur just below Seymour narrows, all bound north. The first mentioned is due this evening and is expected to have on board an Oregon party who were passed at the Thirty Mile by some of the Danube's passengers. They had taken a drove of cattle into Dawson, had sold them at handsome prices and the proceeds amounting to \$30,000 they are now bringing home in gold bricks. The Farallon will be due on Sunday and will bring down among others Mr. St. Clair Blackett and family who have been in business at Skagway. According to Purser Bishop the Danube is one of the first treasure ships from the north this year. In gold and drafts he says the steamer's passengers represent about \$400,000, of which amount, \$25,000 is in dust and comes from Bonanza, French and Skookum creeks. The Yukoners about came out over the trail pretty much together, leaving Dawson some as early as the 10th and others as late as the 21st of last month. They found travel good and the weather on the whole very mild. Bennett lake was frozen over and the ice on it was so smooth that one said he could have skated over it in three or four hours. On or about the 10th of December a very large Canadian mail, consisting of 10 sacks, reached Dawson consisting of Danube's complete passenger list is as follows: W. A. Plunkett, J. Gibson, C. E. Kinsey, Jno. O'Hare, A. B. Thill, W. N. Couch, Dr. Glendening, W. A. Skinner, A. K. Faher, A. Ackerman, G. Kelly, W. Hemphill, W. Litchfield, W. G. Mason, W. Clark, J. C. Scott, W. Dirrie, Albert Wile, T. G. Wilson, J. Alexander, Larsen, C. C. W. R. Johnson, Louis Larson, C. H. Daw, W. Mackay, A. H. Layton, C. H. Daw, W. Mackay, H. Marcolla, W. Virgin, J. Frank, G. P. Pope, Scheid, Hunt, J. Birritt, H. E. Clark, G. G. Brincherhoff, Jr., Jas. Turtle, Richard Nelson, W. A. Fox, John Collin, D. E. Hicks, R. T. Noble, John Dutcher, G. D. Mackay, C. Long, E. Campbell, Major Bliss, W. Eboritt, Mrs. H. Kline, H. Edwards, A. Eckelmann.

INDIANS COMPLAINING.

Unable to Get Firewood near Selkirk As It Is All "Gobbled Up."

At the Oriental Hotel are Messrs. T. E. Wilson, Clarence Kinney and A. Eckelmann, all direct from Dawson. Mr. Wilson is the best known of the party and has made several trips through the Yukon valley. He says they had a good trip out, the trail being well beaten and the river and lakes solidly frozen. Bennett lake is now covered by a beautiful sheet of ice and with the exception of the "Thirty-Mile" river, which never freezes over, there is an open route from Bennett to Dawson.

Mr. Wilson learned at Fort Selkirk that the Indians residing there are complaining bitterly of being prohibited from cutting firewood in the vicinity of Fort Selkirk were granted by the Dominion Government to the parties represented by Colonel Donaville, the Liberal member of parliament and the Indians are not allowed to take a stick of wood off the land included in the grant. The timber companies and got white men to intercede on their behalf but all in vain and now they have to haul their wood for fully two miles over the ice and snow. The facts of the case were told to Mr. Wilson by Mr. H. H. Pitts, the storekeeper at Fort Selkirk, a brother of Mr. S. J. Pitts, of this city. In fact Mr. Pitts the matter public as he considered the Indians were being badly treated and there was danger of their becoming troublesome. Similar complaints, Mr. Wilson said, were heard at Dawson about the difficulty to get wood on account of the grants made to private individuals.

About 250 men have come out from Dawson since winter set in and Mr. Wilson says about as many more will come out over the ice.

THE LAST TO LEAVE.

Men Who Started from Dawson Less Than a Month Ago Arrive.

Among the forty odd passengers on the Danube hailing from Dawson, three left the Klondike metropolis as late as December 21. They are P. H. Hebb, A. L. McKay and G. D. McKay, the latter of Vancouver. They experienced bitterly cold weather on the trip, the thermometer registering from 65 to 20 below zero the whole way. One day between Five Fingers and Burns' cabin it was never higher than 18 below and 65 below. On Lake Bennett, which was found frozen over a very strong snow and wind storm was experienced but the party came through without any great difficulty. Mr. Hebb says the trip is not a very hard one now as a station can be made every night and it is not necessary to carry tents, stoves or any great quantity of provisions. He gives the same estimate of the number of men coming out as Mr. Wilson, viz., about 250. They passed at least fifty men on the way.

One of the parties passed were bringing a mule with them, the first animal with the exception of dogs to make the long winter trip and they were carrying a good load. On the "Thirty-Mile" they were travelling on the edge ice when a large cake on which they were at the time broke away. They went sailing down the river, the men jumping from one cake to another until they reached shore. The mule followed their example evidently realizing that only safety lay in following the men.

A great deal of work is being done on the new creeks this season Mr. Hebb says and it is estimated that the output

will be double that of last year. Dominion creek is the best of the new ones, the results obtained being far above expectations. Sulphur creek is good in places but not as rich as expected. Four or five claims will make good returns and then the next six or seven will be worthless. Bear creek has proved rich, but as to Thistle and the other newer ones nothing will be known until spring.

MAJOR BLISS HERE.

He Will Visit the East and Return to Selkirk Over the Ice.

Major Bliss of the company of Canadian regulars now doing duty in the Yukon came down to the Danube and is a guest at the Driad. Since last here he has experienced considerable hard work. After their trip in last spring the soldiers had to turn to and build their own barracks at Fort Selkirk, which is the headquarters of the regiment. Substantial and comfortable buildings were erected and the soldiers still at the Fort have as good a home as could be desired. Major Bliss says the buildings are worth fully \$200,000. There are now very few men to occupy them as Commissioner Ogilvie recently sent up for reinforcements and he sent 10 men and two officers are now in the Klondike metropolis. It was not any fear of disorder that caused Mr. Ogilvie to send for more men, said the Major, for Dawson is an orderly city, but their services were required to do duty at the military post. There are now (5) prisoners at Dawson and what, with guarding them and attending to their other duties the men are kept very busy. They are on duty every day and every third night have to take their turn at night duty.

There is very little doing in and around Selkirk, although some men are working on quartz propositions. The Pelly river is still "open ground," no prospecting having been done on it. The reports from Thistle creek, half way between Selkirk and Dawson are to the effect that the ground is very rich. The mountain police have their chain of posts from Dawson to the coast, now well organized. The posts are on an average about 30 miles apart and in a case of necessity a message could be sent to the coast in ten days, or even less, the message being handed to a messenger who has a fresh dog team at every station. This chain of posts makes it next to impossible for a criminal to elude the police, for even with eight or ten days start the police could overhail him. They also greatly facilitate the handling of mails.

Just before coming out Major Bliss visited Dawson breaking the trail between the two places. On his return to Selkirk he awaited the duplication of the dispatches from Col. Evans, which with other official mail were lost some time ago in the Thirty-Mile river.

Major Bliss leaves to-day for Ottawa and will return in time to go back to Fort Selkirk over the ice.

BADLY FROZEN.

Man Found in a Slough Near Forty-Mile With Hands and Feet Frozen.

News comes from Forty-Mile of the finding of a man named Madison so badly frozen that both his hands and feet had to be amputated. During the night of November 26 the captain of the steamer Rock Island heard a moaning sound and going out found Madison in a slough and badly frozen, semi-conscious and weakly calling for help. Tenderly yet hastily by the captain's orders the unfortunate man was borne aboard the ship and the ship's surgeon, Dr. Marshall, hurriedly summoned. For days and nights the attentions on the sick man were unrelenting but on the third day the doctor decided both hands and feet to be dead and endangering the life of the unfortunate Madison. On November 30 both feet and both hands were removed and only a helpless trunk left to fight the battle of life. The poor man was heartbroken and determined he would rather die than live such an awful life of helplessness as is now before him. Fearing that a powerful frame and strong constitution would pull him through, he was refusing positively to eat anything at all when the men who brought the news were leaving Forty-Mile.

The unfortunate Madison has a brother on Forty-Mile river who owns some properties considered to be good. Madison had been drinking a little upon the night of his misfortune but it is not known whether he fell down the slough in which he was found or whether he wandered down there and went to sleep. An inquiry into the doings of the saloon keeper is pending, as some contend there is criminal negligence in allowing a man to leave the house with a low temperature prevailing outside when he is not fully able to care for himself.

A VICTORIAN RETURNS.

Mr. E. Frank Made the Trip from Dawson to Skagway in Twenty-One Days.

Mr. E. Frank, who at the time of the Klondike rush packed up his stock of clothing, which he had been carrying in his store on Government street near Broughton, and took it to Dawson, reached home on the Danube. He left Dawson on December 19th with a party of Portland men and reached Skagway just twenty-one days later. From Dawson to Lake Lebarge he had very good weather but from there out it was rather stormy.

Mr. Frank, like the rest of the late arrivals, speaks very highly of the prospects of Dominion creek. He is interested in mines in the district besides being Dawson's leading clothier.

SHIPMENTS TO ATLIN.

White Pass Railway Now Having Bonding Privileges Canadian Merchants Will Benefit.

The shipment of goods into Atlin or Klondike is very much simplified and less expensive now that the White Pass & Yukon railway is in operation. It is to the boundary line. In conversation last night Mr. E. C. Hawkins, chief engineer of the railway, remarked that now goods may be bonded either here or at Skagway and the company will take full charge of them and see them safely delivered on the Canadian side of the summit saving the annoyance of having a number of others show goods to brokers' fees. The company have a man at Skagway who makes out the necessary papers, bonds the goods and looks after them till they are landed safe in Canada again, the only charge for this being 50 cents for the making out of the bonding papers for goods under a ton in weight or 81 cents for shipments over a ton. A 50 cents additional war stamp being necessary in each case—so at the most the charge for bonding a shipment of goods through to the summit is only \$1.50. That inevitable war stamp being to be making its appearance on pretty

nearly everything in the United States. The railway company are putting up a large freight warehouse at the summit and will have one at Lake Cabin for the goods going into Atlin and before the end of the present month the railway will be in operation right to the summit, heavy snow having interfered with the work or it would have been completed now.

Continually speaking of Atlin, Mr. Hawkins not only considers it the best placer field on the continent, but he looks for marvellously good returns from the quartz veins. The railway is prepared to give exceptionally favorable rates for milling machinery transportation and quartz mining gives promise of being one of the great industries there before long. Mr. Hawkins came over from the Sound last night and is at the Driad. He expects to go North in a few days.

It will be seen from what Mr. Hawkins says that British Columbia merchants are in a most favorable position to supplement the wants of the Atlin but of the Klondike trade, as it is as easy as one gentleman remarked a few days ago, to ship goods into Atlin now as into the Kootenay country. Consequently Victoria may look for increased trade this spring with the North.

NEWS OF DAWSON.

A Second Variety Actress Takes Her Own Life—Health of the City.

Early on the morning of December 19th news spread in Dawson of a second suicide, very similar to that of Myrtle Broce, details of which have already been published. This second victim of melancholia was like Miss Broce a variety actress, but further than that very little is known of her. She went by the name of Stella and late arrivals say that she has appeared in coast music halls for ten years past. Very few particulars could be obtained of the tragedy as the men who brought the news were too busy preparing to start out to make any enquiries.

The health of Dawson is still very bad, typhoid fever being replaced by scurvy. It is said that seven men have been frozen to death in the Klondike district this winter.

A movement is on foot to have a public school opened in Dawson. Dawson experienced a severe wind storm early in December, considerable damage being done.

The health officer, Dr. Thompson, has issued an order forbidding the dumping of any more garbage or rubbish within the city of Dawson unless in properly constructed receptacles of a removable pattern and which have been duly inspected and accepted.

Williams' mill, located at the mouth of the Klondike river, was visited by a mysterious fire on December 18th, which in short order destroyed some \$6,000 or \$7,000 worth of property. It occurred about 3 o'clock in the morning and no one knows what started it. Behind the mill Mr. Williams had erected a long, low building. At one end were offices and sleeping rooms, at the other a stable for two horses and a feed for the same. The hay, feed, horse and stable were an entire loss. The hay was purchased when hay was \$500 per ton; feed in proportion.

CREEK NEWS.

Miners Proving that Dominion Is One of the Rich Creeks of the District.

The following are among the more recent strikes upon Dominion: No. 3 above upper discovery, Mr. Chisholm washed \$10.40 from one pan, and a little over \$8 in another.
No. 5 above upper, a pan of \$20.00 was cleaned up.
No. 12 above upper one pan showed \$3.40.
No. 25 below upper, 14 holes had been sunk without finding any pay, when suddenly the streak was struck in three holes.

Among other claims on Sulphur creek that are doing well is No. 7 above. Mr. J. E. Doherty, agent for McDonald & Morrison, the owners, states that laymen on the claim have reached bed rock and have taken out as high as \$1 to the pan.

GOOD SEASON'S WORK.

Two Men Who Brought Out \$40,000 and Still Have Some Good Properties.

Among the late arrivals from Dawson were Messrs. McConnell and Parker, who recently sold the Monte Carlo theatre to J. W. Rogers. They brought out a collection of nuggets taken from their properties on Gold Hill at the junction of Bonanza and Eldorado creeks, amounting, probably, in intrinsic value to \$2,000, but many of which, from their peculiar beauty could not be purchased at ten times the value and are now being offered at a considerable advance. The collection includes some rare specimens with globule appearing growths and some beauties with quartz.

Messrs. McConnell and Parker arrived in Dawson early in the spring, as many others, not particularly laden with this world's riches, but by their enterprise and energy were soon engaged in business, and occupied a prominent part in the commercial affairs of the city. One of their most prominent enterprises was, when in conjunction with Mr. Rogers they erected and established the Monte Carlo theatre, the large and finest public building in Dawson.

During their stay in the Yukon country they accumulated some of the very best mining properties, located as previously stated on Gold Hill, Bonanza, Eldorado, Hunker, Bear and Dominion creeks, which are being developed with the best of success. They have also secured some large mining properties, aside from large investments made and to which they will return in the spring, they brought out probably \$40,000—a pretty fair showing for a season's work. They are also interested heavily in Eagle City, which will unquestionably produce their large returns, as they are owners of some 600 lots in the best part of that growing place in American Alaska, and around which are located some of the most promising creeks.

FAME'S PATHWAY.

One of the treasures of Hatfield house, the residence of Lord Salisbury, is an exquisitely carved ivory model of Mr. Gladstone holding an axe in his hand. Edison considers change of diet the sovereign remedy for most of the ills that flesh is heir to. Whenever he himself feels indisposed he promptly turns vegetarian for a few days.

Mrs. Humphrey Ward possesses a phantasmagoria of ghost stories, and her stories, which are typewritten by her secretary at convenient periods, and submitted to the author for revision.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE JUBILEE HOSPITAL.

Sir—Will you kindly allow me to make a few remarks in your valuable paper re the Royal Provincial Jubilee hospital? I have lately been an inmate of that institution for three weeks and can truthfully affirm that the greatest credit is due to the resident medical superintendent, Dr. Hasell, and Mrs. Hasell for their superb management. The institution is under capital discipline and in its true form. The medical professors appear to be very regular in their attendance. The only one that came in contact with myself was Dr. Jones. Dr. Jones requires no further comment from me as his name is a household word; enough to say that his ability is of the highest and his care and courteous attention is beyond all praise.

At last though not least the nurses must not escape notice; they are without any exception worthy of praise; their care, kindness and attention is most unrelenting. Their particular branch reflects the greatest credit upon the matron, Miss McMillan.

Your kind insertion of the above will lead the public to understand the institution is not exactly a prison.

P. W. BELL,
Ex-Chief Factor H. Hudson's Bay Co.

A MINT FOR VICTORIA.

Sir—Has the Victoria Board of Trade relinquished the idea of a mint for this city? It is considered an advantage to have mints in United States cities, especially in those adjacent to gold mining districts. It would be equally advantageous to British Columbia in general and Victoria in particular, if there was a mint in this city.

A portion of the Atlin and Klondike output of gold would they be brought here for sale and merchants as well as others would reap the benefit.

Perhaps something is being done with reference to the matter mentioned, in which case no one will be better pleased than

CANADIAN.
Victoria, Jan. 19, 1899.

BRITISH PRIVILEGES IN JAPAN.

Sir—I am credibly informed that British subjects resident in Japan do not enjoy the liberty and privileges accorded to the Japanese in British Columbia, in fact are very much restricted both as to residence and occupation. If this be the case, why this ado about Japanese being prevented from engaging in certain public works in this country?

Perhaps some of your readers can give us more definite information as to the status of foreigners in Japan.

J. F.

The Spanish war series in the Century is proving a great success, and has very considerably increased the circulation of the magazine. In the February issue, General Shafter will tell the story of the Santiago campaign, and Lieut. Hobson will follow his account of the sinking of the "Merrimack" with a narrative of his imprisonment in Morro Castle.

Rudyard Kipling refuses to commit himself on the subject of ghosts. He never expresses any skepticism when ghost stories are on the tapis, and rumor has it that the popular novelist has to own a particular reason for this noncommittal attitude.

Easy to Take Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man says: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass.

The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

JOSHUA DAVIES, AUCTIONEER,
Mortgages' Sale,
Monday, 30th January, 1899, at the Board of Trade Building, at 12 O'clock Noon.

I have been instructed to sell by public auction, under the powers of sale contained in certain mortgages registered in the Victoria Land Registry Office, in Charge Book, volume 5 folio 637, No. 35531, and volume 7, at folio 367, No. 629, respectively, transferred to the City of Victoria, lots one to ten (both inclusive), in Block V, and lots one to nineteen (both inclusive), in Block VI, being part of section five, Victoria district, according to the maps filed in the said Registry Office, and numbered 252; also lot three, Sanich extension of the Work Estate, being part of section 4, Victoria district.

Terms and conditions at sale. For further particulars apply to Messrs. Davie, Fooley & Lutton.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

JOSHUA DAVIES AUCTIONEER.

Under instructions from the mortgagees, I will sell at the Board of Trade building on

Tuesday, Jan. 31, 1899

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Claxton, British Columbia, and known on the official maps as section 20, range 5, Coast District, containing 150 acres, more or less, from which a small strip of land lying in the southeast corner, containing 1-13 of an acre already conveyed to the Bishop of Columbia, has been excluded. Together with all the improvements, which consist of the ROYAL CANADIAN PACKING CO.'S CANNERY, and all the Plant, Machinery, Boats, Nets, Gear of all sorts in and about the cannery building, the saw mill building, machinery and articles belonging, the store and stock in trade, the dwelling houses and cabins erected thereon.

The said premises comprise a complete canning establishment.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Bodwell & Duff, or JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

MR. HARRY M. FIELD

OF Leipzig, Germany
PIANO VIRTUOSO

prepared to receive Canadian and American pupils, 25 Grand Strasse, am Prof. artie Krause, 56 Brandvorwerk Strasse.

"Patronize Home Industry" by buying B. C. BRAND HAMS AND BREAKFAST BACON

For sale by all Grocers.

EARSMAN HARDIE & CO. Packers.

T. N. HIBBEN & CO'S

IS THE PLACE TO SEND YOUR CHILDREN TO PURCHASE THEIR

SCHOOL SUPPLIES